

ING Bank Hipoteczny S.A.

Post-Issuance Green Bond Impact Report

31 December 2023

ING Bank Hipoteczny S.A. Green Bond Impact Report 2023

Green assets portfolio impact as of 31 December 2023

Eligible Project Category	Number of loans	Signed Amount (EUR)	Share of Total Portfolio Financing	Eligibility for Green Bonds	Annual primary energy savings [MWh/year]	Annual CO2 emissions avoidance [tCO2/year]	
α/		b/	c/	d/	e/	e/	
Green Buildings	12 836	€ 588 104 320	100%	100%	92 442	34 019	
Total	12 836	€ 588 104 320	100%	100%	92 442	34 019	

Green Covered Bonds impact as of 31 December 2023

Eligible Project Category	Signed Amount (EUR)	Share of Total Portfolio Financing	Eligibility for Green Bonds	Annual primary energy savings [MWh/year]	Annual CO2 emissions avoidance [tCO2/year]	
α/	b/	c/	d/	e/	e/	
Green Buildings	€ 91 996 320	100%	100%	14 461	5 322	
Total	€ 91 996 320	100%	100%	14 461	5 322	

Portfolio-based Green Bond Report according to the Harmonized Framework for Impact Reporting

a/ Eligible category

b/ Signed amount represents the amount legally committed by the issuer for the portfolio or portfolio components eligible for Green Bond financing. EUR equivalent amount (NBP Exchange rate of 29 December 2023; EUR 1 = PLN 4.3480). The amount for Green Buildings is reviewed in accordance with the ING Bank Hipoteczny S.A. Green Covered Bond Framework as of 2019. https://www.inghipoteczny.pl/_fileserver/item/1100153

c/ This is the share of the total portfolio per Eligible Category

d/ This is the share of the total portfolio costs that is Green Bond eligible

e/ Impact indicators

- Annual primary energy savings [MWh/year] calculated using the difference between applicable technical conditions and the national building stock benchmarks
- Annual CO2 emissions avoidance [$t\bar{C}$ O2/year] Greenhouse gas emissions avoidance determined by multiplying the primary energy savings with the carbon emissions intensity

Drees & Sommer report concerning the environmental impact of the Eligible Green Loan Portfolio as per December 31st 2023, is presented in the next pages.



SUMMARY

PORTFOLIO ASSESSMENT & ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

Based on the information provided by the ING Bank Hipoteczny S.A. and its Green Covered Bond Framework, ING Bank Hipoteczny S.A.'s eligible green assets represent the signed amount of 2.557.077.585 PLN. The environmental impact of ING Bank Hipteczny S.A.'s low carbon buildings portfolio can be identified to the amount of 92.442 MWh annual primary energy savings per year. These savings lead to annual CO_2 -emissions avoidance of 34.019 tCO_2 per year.

	Year of		Signed Amount ^a			Eligibility for	Number of	0,	Annual CO ₂ emissions
Low Carbon Buildings	Issuance	Туре			Financing ^D	green bonds ^c	Loans"	savings ^e	avoidance'
Unit	[уууу]	[-]	[PLN]	[EUR]	[%]	[%]	[-]	[MWh/year]	[tCO2/year]
ING-Bank Hipoteczny S.A.	2023	Low Carbon Building	2.557.077.585	588.104.320	100,0	100	12.836	92.442	34.019
- Single-Family Home	2023	Low Carbon Building	1.150.452.321	264.593.450	45,0	100	5.117	51.667	19.014
- Multi-Family Home	2023	Low Carbon Building	1.406.625.263	323.510.870	55,0	100	7.719	40.775	15.005
									-

^a Legally committed signed amount by the issuer for the porfolio or portfolio components eligible for green bond financing.

^f Greenhouse gas emissions avoidance determined by converting energy savings into carbon emissions intensity

Figure 1: Harmonized Framework 2023 - ING Bank Hipoteczny S.A.

CLIMATE BONDS CERTIFICATION

ING Bank Hipoteczny S.A.'s portfolio contains residential green assets identified in line with ING Bank Hipoteczny Green Covered Bond Framework (https://www.inghipoteczny.pl/ fileserver/item/1100153) as of 2019. Green assets remain in line with low carbon building criteria under the Climate Bonds Standard.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize b}}$ Portion of the total portfolio cost that is financed by the issuer.

^c Portion of the total portfolio cost that is eligible for Green Bond.

^d Number of Green Bond loan within the total portfolio.

 $^{^{\}mathrm{e}}$ Primary energy savings calculated using the difference between the top 15% and the national building stock benchmarks